

LIST OF MAIN PLANTS AVAILABLE – AUTUMN 2012

GENUS x SPECIES FAMILY/ <i>height code</i> COMMON NAME	SIZE AND GROWING HINTS (size given as height x width)	DESCRIPTION
HEIGHT CODE: #=<1m ## =1–5m. ### =5–12m		
Acacia ‘Gold Lace’ (<i>A. cardiophylla</i>) MIMOSACEAE # Acacia ‘Kurunga Gold Lace’	Perennial shrub with a trailing prostrate growth to 20cm high. Main stem slightly tortuous. Well drained soil in full sun. Frost hardy.	Many mildly perfumed golden globular heads about 1 cm in diameter in dense ancillary racemes 3-5 cm long. Ground cover or trailing over walls and slopes.
Acacia ‘Ruby Tips’ (<i>A. acinacea</i>) MIMOSACEAE # Gold Dust Wattle	Hardy, spreading shrub 0.3mx2m. Suits most reasonably drained soils in full to part sun. Fast growing. Heavy pruning promotes suckering. Frost hardy to –7°C.	Profuse golden yellow flowers from Aug. to Oct. Ruby red young growth. Very ornamental.
Acacia covenyi MIMOSACEAE ##-### Blue Bush (Sthn Tablelands NSW)	Large shrub to small tree 3-6mx3-6m. Well-drained soils. Prefers some full sun and some light shade. Improved by some summer water. Frost hardy to –7°C.	Profuse lemon ball flowers in spring. Silvery grey leaves attractive year round. Can prune to have trunk or to make denser. Good windbreak. Tolerates limestone.
Acacia decora MIMOSACEAE ## Western Silver/Showy Wattle (Qld, NSW, Vic)	Hardy, spreading shrub to 2.5mx3m. Suitable for most reasonably drained soils in full sun or part shade. Frost hardy to –7°C.	Very showy, golden terminal racemes of perfumed balls Aug–Oct. Attractive narrow grey phyllodes, gold new shoots. Use for low windbreak or shelter. Withstands regular pruning into hardwood if needed.
Acacia flexifolia MIMOSACEAE ## Bent-leaf Wattle (Qld, NSW, Vic)	Small, erect shrub 1.3mx1.5m. Hardy. Prefers well-drained, dry position. Prune after flowering. Frost hardy to –7°C.	Profuse yellow ball-like flowers in late winter. Small narrow slightly bent foliage.
Acacia lineata MIMOSACEAE ## Streaked wattle (Qld, NSW, Vic, SA)	Neat, small to medium shrub 1–3mx1–3m. Grows best in well drained soil in partial or full sun. Frost and drought hardy.	Very showy in flower. Bright yellow, globular flowers Aug–Nov. Bushy to ground level and ideal as a shelter plant.
Acacia tindaleae MIMOSACEAE ## Golden Top/Crowned Wattle (NSW, Qld)	Spreading compact shrub 3mx1.5m. Full sun, well-drained open position. Tolerates drought and light frost.	Small ball-shaped yellow flowers, towards ends of branches, from winter to spring.
Adenanthos cunninghamii PROTACEAE ## Albany Woolly Bush (South West WA)	Small shrub to 1-1.3mx1-2m. Well drained light soil in full sun. Needs overhead cover for frost protection.	Small tubular red flowers in leaf axils, spring and summer. Abundant nectar. Soft silvery narrow leaves. Bird attracting. A natural hybrid of <i>A. sericeus</i> x <i>A. cuneatus</i> .
Alyogyne huegelii MALVACEAE ## Lilac Hibiscus (SA, WA)	Shrub to 2mH. Most well drained soils with sunny aspect. Prune after main flowering flush in spring. Tolerates moderate frosts. Some wind protection desirable.	Hairy, green deeply lobed leaves to 6 cm. Profuse lilac flowers to 12 cm Oct–Mar. Flowers open in the morning and last one day. Not suitable for lower parts of Canberra.
Alyxia ruscifolia APOCYNACEAE ## Moonya; Native Holly (Qld, NSW)	Erect shrub to 3mx1.5m. Needs well-composted soil. May be attacked by scale and sooty mould. Frost hardy to –7°C.	Good feature plant, very showy in flower and fruit. Dark green, glossy leaves in whorls. Perfumed white flowers in summer and orange fruit in autumn.
Asterotrichion discolor MALVACEAE ## - ### Currajong (Tas)	Shrub to small tree 3–10mx2-4m. Young branches covered with stellate hairs. Fast growing. Needs moist, well drained soils with shade. Frost tolerance uncertain.	Medium to large leaves, glabrous and dark green above when mature, densely stellate hairs below. Short panicles of small creamy-white delicately perfumed flowers Feb–Jun. Separate male and female plants.

... / Plants (continued)

LIST OF MAIN PLANTS AVAILABLE – AUTUMN 2012

GENUS x SPECIES FAMILY/ <i>height code</i> COMMON NAME	SIZE AND GROWING HINTS (size given as height x width)	DESCRIPTION
HEIGHT CODE: #=<1m ## =1–5m. ### =5–12m		
Austromyrtus dulcis MYRTACEAE # Midgen Berry (Byron Bay NSW to Fraser Is Qld)	Ground cover 0.3-0.6mx1m. Prefers moist, well-mulched soils, needs some overhead cover from frost. Water in dry spells.	Reddish new growth. Profuse fluffy white flowers summer to mid-autumn. Pale sweet edible berries, about 1 cm diameter, in autumn. Bush food
Babingtonia ‘Howie’s Sweet Midget’ MYRTACEAE #	Small compact plant 0.5mx1m. Quite drought resistant in cool temperate to tropical regions. Tolerates quite heavy frosts. Suitable for pots and for rockeries.	White flowers, 5–6mm across, appear in umbels near the end of branchlets in summer. Light but regular pruning after flowering keeps the plant bushy. Benefits from slow release fertiliser.
Baeckea diosmifolia x imbricata MYRTACEAE #	Shrub 0.3-1mx0.3m. Needs good drainage. Some shade OK. Frost hardy to –7°C.	Small white flowers, spring-summer. Prune after flowering.
Banksia ‘Lemon Glow’ PROTEACEAE ## (From French and Phillip Islands VIC)	Very open shrub 2mx2m. Prefers reasonably drained soils, neither too acidic nor alkaline. Drought tolerant. Needs some extra water in dry times. Frost hardy to –7°C.	Yellow flowers with black styles, autumn into winter. Good bird attractant. Pruning produces more branches and thus more flowering points.
Banksia ‘Limelight’ PROTEACEAE ##	Bushy shrub 5mx4m. Hardy in most situations. Frost hardy. Slow growth rate.	Yellow-orange flower spikes. Distinctive lime-green foliage.
Calytrix tetragona MYRTACEAE ## Fringe Myrtle (All States except NT)	Shrub to 1.5mx1.5–2m, variable spread. Reliable in most well drained soils. Drought tolerant. Frost hardy to –7°C.	Bright green, heath-like foliage. White to pink, star-like flowers. Deep red calyces after flowering. Responds well to light pruning after flowering.
Calytrix tetragona (<i>prostrate</i>) MYRTACEAE # Fringe Myrtle (All states except NT)	Prostrate shrub 0.3mx1m. Reliable in most well drained soils. Drought tolerant. Prune lightly after flowering. Frost hardy to –7°C.	Bright green, heath-like foliage. Star-like flowers, white to deep pink Aug–Nov. Deep red calyces after flowering. Easily grown and very hardy shrub for small garden.
Correa ‘Ivory Bells’ RUTACEAE ##	Dense shrub to 1.5mx2m. Hardy in moist reasonably drained soils, in a protected situation. Frost hardy to –7°C.	Profuse cream bells. Long flowering. Attracts birds. Mulch well to protect roots from heat. Prune regularly.
Correa ‘Marian’s Marvel’ RUTACEAE ## (<i>C. backhouseana</i> x <i>C. reflexa</i>)	Hardy shrub 1–5mx1.5–3m Very adaptable to relatively well drained soils. Frost hardy to –7°C.	Flowers pale pink upper half, pale green lower half to 3 cmx1.5 cm, spreading lobes, mainly Feb–Oct. Suitable hedge or screening plant.
Correa ‘Pink Lips’ RUTACEAE ## (<i>C. alba</i> x <i>C. reflexa</i>)	Rounded shrub 1.5x1m. Full sun to part shade. Well drained soil. Should be frost hardy to –7°C.	Subtle bell-shaped pink and white flowers, mainly late autumn to winter.
Correa ‘Western Pink Star’ RUTACEAE # Native Fuchsia	Dense spreading shrub to 1m. Full sun. Frost hardy to –7°C. Tip pruning after flowering to retain a dense shape.	Floriferous, showy shrub with star-like, open, pink flowers in winter. Attracts honey-eating birds.
Correa backhouseana RUTACEAE ## (WA, SA, Vic, Tas)	Upright or spreading shrub 1–2mx 2–3m. Hardy. Well-drained soil. Prefers part shade. Frost hardy to –7°C. Resistant to salt spray.	Flowers creamy-green bell shaped, winter. Dull green ovate leaves. Attracts birds. Good for under Eucalypt planting.

LIST OF MAIN PLANTS AVAILABLE – AUTUMN 2012

GENUS x SPECIES FAMILY/ <i>height code</i> COMMON NAME	SIZE AND GROWING HINTS (size given as height x width)	DESCRIPTION
HEIGHT CODE: #=<1m ## =1–5m. ### =5–12m		
Correa decumbens RUTACEAE # (SA)	Spreading prostrate shrub 1–3mW. Most well-drained soils. Withstands long wet periods. Full sun or part shade. Frost hardy to –7°C.	Erect pink-red tubular flowers, 2.5cm long, with yellow-green tips, in winter. Use as living mulch. Good for rockery. Bird attractant.
Correa lawrenceana var cordifolia RUTACEAE ## (NSW, Vic)	Large shrub to 2-4m H. Medium to heavy soil; full shade to part sun. Tolerates wet periods. Frost hardy and adaptable in cultivation.	Flowers usually red, bell-shaped, winter. Leaves broad. Attracts birds
Correa reflexa RUTACEAE # Native Fuchsia (All states except WA)	Prostrate to small shrub from heathland. Prefers sandy soils in full to 3/4 sun. Frost hardy, salt resistant.	Green or red and yellow tubular flowers, May- September. Bird attractor. Responds to light pruning.
Crowea ‘Festival’ RUTACEAE # (<i>C. exalata</i> x <i>C. saligna</i>)	Showy dense shrub to 1mx1m. Hardy. Well drained, mulched site; part shade to full sun. Responds to heavy pruning. Frost hardy to –7°C.	Star like 5-petalled pink flowers through autumn and summer. Useful cut flower.
Crowea saligna RUTACEAE ## (NSW)	Ornamental small to medium shrub, 1.3mx1.5m. Most well-drained, mulched soils. Prefers dappled shade or part sun. Frost hardy to –7°C.	Pink, star-shaped flowers in autumn and winter. Aromatic foliage. Attractive to birds. Good cut flower.
Darwinia citriodora MYRTACEAE ## Lemon Scented Myrtle (WA)	Low, spreading shrub to 1-1.5mx1-1.5m. Full sun to part shade. Good drainage essential. Mulch well. Prune after flowering. Frost hardy with overhead cover.	White flowers ageing to reddish tones, spring/summer. Leaves lemon scented, red tinted in autumn and winter. Best planted in groups of 3 or more.
Darwinia fascicularis MYRTACEAE #-## (NSW Gosford to Bulli)	Erect or decumbent shrub 0.3-2m high. Requires excellent drainage, full sun to half shade. Frost hardy to –7°C.	White flowers turning to red in clusters at ends of branches, June to Sept. Narrow needle-like leaves.
Daviesia mimosoides FABACEAE ## Blunt Leaf Bitter Pea (Qld, NSW, ACT, SA, Vic) (Carwoola provenance) Local	Shrub 2.5mx1–2m. Good under trees, prefers part shade. Suitable for a variety of soils with reasonable drainage. Frost hardy to –7C.	Elliptical, wattle-like leaves and yellow and red pea flowers in spring, pleasantly perfumed. Attractive triangular seed pods.
Dianella revoluta LILIACEAE # Spreading Flax Lily (SA, Vic, Qld, NSW, Tas, WA) (Carwoola provenance) Local	Tufted plant, suckering to form clumps 0.5mx2.5m. Full to part sun. Light, medium or heavy soils with reasonable drainage. Frost hardy to –7°C.	Flax-like leaves. Bright blue star-shaped flowers on branched stems. Bright blue fruits. Prune old flower stalks. Feature plant and good in rockeries.
Diselma archeri CUPRESSACEAE ## Cheshunt Pine (Tasmania)	Hardy erect conifer to 2mx1.5m. Dwarf in home garden. Needs well composted soil and plenty of moisture in full sun or deep shade. Frost hardy to –7°C.	Deep green, very small leaves. Very small male and female cones. Handsome formal habit. Slow growing. Suitable for large rockery or as container plant.
Elaeocarpus ‘Prima Donna’ ELAEOCARPACEAE ### Blueberry Ash (NSW, sthn Qld)	Small to medium sized tree to 15m. Makes a fine specimen in a large pot. Will withstand some frost. Enjoys some shade, but not essential. Best when well watered.	Leaves to 12cm. Profuse, fringed, white bell-shaped flowers in spring. Blue olive-like fruits to 1cm in diameter. Blossoms used in wedding bouquets. Form of <i>E. reticulatus</i> .

LIST OF MAIN PLANTS AVAILABLE – AUTUMN 2012

GENUS x SPECIES FAMILY/ <i>height code</i> COMMON NAME	SIZE AND GROWING HINTS (size given as height x width)	DESCRIPTION
HEIGHT CODE: #=<1m ## =1–5m. ### =5–12m		
Epacris longiflora (White form) EPACRIDACEAE #-## Fuchsia Heath/Native fuchsia (NSW near Sydney and central tablelands, Sth Qld)	Dwarf to medium shrub 0.5–1.3mx1m. Prefers well-drained, light to medium soils, in dappled, semi-shade or partial sun. Frost hardy to –7°C.	White flowers most of year. Spreading branches. Hard pruning of long arching branches promotes bushy growth. Suitable for containers or rockery. Fine roots can be damaged in transplanting.
Gompholobium huegelii FABACEAE # (NSW, Vic, Tas) Local	Low bushy shrub to about 1 m, with fine leaves and reddish stems. Well- drained soils in part-shade. Likes dry conditions. Frost hardy to –7°C.	Showy bright yellow pea flowers in spring.
Goodenia ovata (prostrate form) GOODENIACEAE # (Vic - Great Divide gullies)	Prostrate mounding 0.2-0.4mx1-2m. Overhead cover in moist soils with reasonable drainage. Frost tolerant. Tolerates short dry periods.	Yellow flowers in spring and summer. Sensitive to fertiliser. Fast growing. Prune after winter.
Grevillea ‘Flame ‘n Beauty’ PROTEACEAE ## (WA)	Dense spreading shrub 0.6-1mx1.5-2m. Tolerant of hot dry and cool wet conditions. Frost tolerance uncertain.	Showy pink and orange flowers May to Dec. Branchlets white and velvety. Grey- green leathery leaves. <i>G. asparagoides</i> x <i>G. calliantha</i> .
Grevillea diminuta PROTEACEAE # (Brindabella Ra, Bimberri and Namadgi NP)	Low spreading shrub 1mx4m. Full sun or part shade in dry or moist well- drained soils. Frost hardy to –7°C.	Rusty red flowers, mainly in spring, in dense, pendulous clusters to 25mm long. Neat, dark green foliage. Attracts birds. Useful in rockeries.
Grevillea lanigera PROTEACEAE # Woolly Grevillea (NSW)	Prostrate shrub providing dense, matting ground cover. Very hardy in moist light to heavy soils in sunny spot. Prune lightly. Frost hardy to –7°C.	Red and cream flowers in semi-erect clusters, late winter and spring. Bird attracting. Good container or rockery plant.
Grevillea speciosa PROTEACEAE ## Red Spider-flower (NSW, Gosford to Botany Bay)	Small to medium shrub 1-3mx1-2.5m. Most well drained soils in sun to semi- shade. Needs some overhead cover for frost protection. Prune after flowering to shape. Some summer water needed.	Spectacular in flower with clusters of long- styled red flowers, mainly Jul-Oct. Attracts nectar feeding birds. Excellent pot plant.
Hakea rugosa PROTEACEAE # Dwarf or Wrinkled Hakea (SA, Vic)	A low spreading shrub, 0.7mx1m. Tolerant most soils, including poorly drained. Full sun to part shade. Frost hardy.	Creamy white flowers in showy clusters in leaf axils, late winter-spring. Needle like leaves, rigid, sharp. Interesting wrinkled S- shaped fruit to 15mm. Useful as barrier.
Hakea varia PROTEACEAE ## (WA)	Small to medium shrub 1-2mx1.5-4m, with a lignotuber. Prefers full sun but also tolerates shade. Hardy to most frosts. Responds well to pruning.	Flowers creamy-white to pale yellow, sweetly to strongly scented, July-Oct. Leaves are deeply toothed and variable. Fruits have distinctive horns. Suitable for screens, windbreaks and foot traffic control.
Hibbertia pedunculata DILLENIACEAE # (Sthn Tablelands NSW)	Semi-prostrate to 0.2m. Tends to root at nodes. Soil should be kept moist but not too wet. Responds well to pruning. Frost hardy to –7°C.	Small, dark green leaves. Yellow flowers on long peduncles, Aug–Mar. Excellent garden plant and useful in containers. Good on banks.
Hibbertia vestita DILLENIACEAE # (Qld, NSW)	Prostrate shrub 0.4mx0.5m. Full sun and good drainage essential. Borderline for frost.	Bright yellow flowers spring and summer. Long flowering. Excellent rockery plant.

... / Plants (continued)

LIST OF MAIN PLANTS AVAILABLE – AUTUMN 2012

GENUS x SPECIES FAMILY/ <i>height code</i> COMMON NAME	SIZE AND GROWING HINTS (size given as height x width)	DESCRIPTION
HEIGHT CODE: #=<1m ## =1–5m. ### =5–12m		
Homoranthus papillatus MYRTACEAE # Mouse bush (Qld)	Compact shrub 0.6-1mx1-2m. Attractive and unusual form with horizontal branches. Hardy in most aspects and reasonably drained soils. Frost hardy to –7°C.	Large sprays of strongly scented, yellowish flowers spring to summer. Fine grey foliage. Prune regularly. Attracts birds.
Hymenosporum flavum PITIOSPORACEAE ### Native Frangipani (Qld, NSW)	Small narrow tree to 10m, with glossy, dark green leaves. Needs sun for best flowering but will tolerate some shade. Adapts to most soils kept moist and well composted. Prune after flowering to maintain shape. Fairly frost hardy.	Very ornamental species, reasonably common in cultivation. Sweetly fragrant cream flowers, ageing to yellow, in terminal clusters Sept–Jan. Suitable for large containers and courtyards.
Indigofera australis FABACEAE ## (All states) (Carwoola provenance) Local	Open spreading shrub 1.5–2.5mx1–2m. Most well drained soils in part shade to full sun. Prefers some overhead cover. Prune after flowering. Frost hardy to –7°C.	Blue-green leaves and mauve-pink pea flowers in spring.
Kunzea ambigua (prostrate form) MYRTACEAE # (Sthn Tablelands NSW)	Hardy shrub 0.5mx1.5m. Adapts to wide range of soils and climate. Best in open or semi-shade. Frost hardy to –7°C.	Profuse white fluffy balls, honey-scented. Responds well to pruning after flowering. Attracts insects.
Kunzea pulchella MYRTACEAE ## (WA)	Rounded shrub to 2mx2m. Requires good drainage and full sun. Frost hardy.	Clusters of brilliant red flowers in spring and summer. Silver-grey obovate leaves.
Leptospermum grandiflorum MYRTACEAE ## Woolly Teatree (Tas)	Medium shrub, 1.5mx1m. Hardy in most soils, aspects, full or part sun. Frost and drought tolerant. Tip prune regularly.	Large conspicuous white or pale pink flowers to 2cm.
Leptospermum squarrosum MYRTACEAE ## Pink Tea-tree (Sthn Tablelands NSW)	Open shrub, slightly weeping 2mx1.5m. Hardy in most reasonably drained soils with light overhead cover. Prune to keep nice shape and stimulate new growth on lower branches. Frost hardy to –7°C.	Pink flowers on old wood in autumn. New growth reddens in cold. Good hedge or feature plant.
Lomandra longifolia LOMANDRACEAE # Spiny-headed Mat Rush (SA, Tas, Vic, NSW, Qld) (Carwoola provenance) Local	Dense tussocks 0.5-1mx0.6-1m. Will grow in almost any soil, with good drainage. Full to part sun. Frost hardy to –7°C. Good feature in grass garden.	Narrow strap-like leaves, arch over rocks or edgings. Crowded spiny flower spikes, strongly perfumed on hot days. Brown shiny fruits on spikes.
Melaleuca ‘Payne’s Hybrid’ (<i>M. steedmanii</i> x <i>fulgens</i>)[Present revision prefers <i>M. fulgens</i>] MYRTACEAE ## (WA)	Woody erect shrub 1-3mx1-2m. Prefers sunny position in light soil, with very good drainage. Needs overhead cover as is susceptible to very heavy frost. Needs some extra water in very dry periods.	Flowers in lateral spikes, brilliant red but there are also apricot and pink forms, Sept. to Oct.
Melaleuca fulgens ‘Hot Pink’ MYRTACEAE ## (WA)	Shapely shrub 2.5mx1.5m. Requires full sun, excellent drainage. Hardy to moderate frosts (some overhead cover) and extended dry periods. Responds well to supplementary watering.	Narrow curved leaves and bright pink, bottlebrush-like flowers with golden anthers in spring and early summer. Tip prune from an early stage to keep dense.

LIST OF MAIN PLANTS AVAILABLE – AUTUMN 2012

GENUS x SPECIES FAMILY/ <i>height code</i> COMMON NAME	SIZE AND GROWING HINTS (size given as height x width)	DESCRIPTION
HEIGHT CODE: #=<1m ## =1-5m. ### =5-12m		
Micromyrtus ciliata MYRTACEAE # - ## Fringed heath myrtle (Vic, NSW, SA)	Varies from prostrate to upright 0.3-1.2mx0.2-3m. Growth is dense and stiff in sunny position. Prefer light well-drained soil free from lime. Withstands drought after establishment. Frost hardy.	Flowers pink in bud, opening to white and ageing to red, in late winter. Small dark green, conifer-like leaves, aromatic when bruised.
Micromyrtus ciliata (Prostrate form) MYRTACEAE #-## Fringed heath myrtle (Vic)	Ground cover or rockery plant to 0.2mx1.5m. Prefers moist but well-drained sandy or loam soils in sunny position. Responds well to pruning. Frost hardy to -7°C.	Flowers pink in bud, opening to white and ageing to red, Nov-Dec. Small dark green, conifer-like leaves, aromatic when crushed. Excellent groundcover and cut-flower, which can also be dried.
Olearia algida ASTERACEAE # Mountain Daisy Bush (NSW, ACT and Tas.)	Small shrub 0.5-1mx0.5m. Likes moist, shady aspect in most soils. From sub-alpine and alpine areas. Frost hardy.	Daisy flowers with conspicuous white florets around cream disc in dense clusters on leafy branchlets.
Olearia quercifolia ASTERACEAE ## Oak-leafed daisy (NSW Blue Mtns)	Small shrub 1.5-2mx1.5-2m. Likes semi-shade. Hardy to moderate frosts. May need supplementary watering in dry periods.	Flower heads to 3cm across; yellow centres, white or pink "petals". Extra water in dry spells.
Ozothamnus 'Silver Jubilee' ASTERACEAE # (Form of <i>O. rosmarinifolius</i>)	Dense shrub 1.5mx0.6m. Resistant to frost and medium resistance to drought. Prune after flowering to retain dense habit.	Pink buds opening to white flowers, Oct-Dec. Distinguishing feature is the silver-grey foliage.
Pelargonium rodneyanum GERANIACEAE # (SA, NSW, Vic)	Beautiful, hardy perennial 0.3mx0.5m. Roots develop tubers. Most sunny or part-shaded well-drained, acidic soils. Reduce water in winter. Semi-drought tolerant. Prune hard during winter. Frost hardy to -7°C.	Magenta flowers borne above leaves May-Sept. Appreciates some moisture in summer and autumn. May self-seed. Rockery or groundcover plant. Easy removal prevents it becoming invasive.
Phebalium squameum ssp retusum RUTACEAE ## Satinwood; Satin Box; Tallow-wood; Cheese-wood; Bobie-bobie (Tas)	Medium to tall shrub 2-4mx1.5-3m, spreading to erect. Does best in semi-shaded site but tolerates sunshine. Likes acidic soils. Hardy to moderately heavy frosts.	White flowers in axillary clusters, often profuse and very conspicuous. Leaves are strongly aromatic.
Phebalium stenophyllum RUTACEAE #-## Narrow-leaved Phebalium (Warrumbungles NSW)	Smallish, rounded, semi-open shrub 1-1.3mx1m. Needs regular water in first season to establish good root system. Very drought tolerant when established. Light shade. Frost hardy to -7°C.	Deep yellow terminal cluster of 3-10 flowers in spring. Responds well to pruning (even just cutting flowers for vase). Well suited to container planting.
Philotheca myoporoides ssp myoporoides RUTACEAE ## Wax flower (Vic, NSW, Qld, ACT)	Shrub 1-2m high. Can grow in shade. Drought hardy once established. Can be affected by sooty mould. Frost hardy to -7°C.	Flowers mainly spring and autumn. Dark green leaves are faintly warty and aromatic.
Pimelea 'Magenta Mist' THYMELAEACEAE # - ## (WA)	Neat, rounded shrub to 1mx1m. Well-drained soil. Sunny or part shade. Frost hardy to -7°C.	Deep pink flowers in terminal clusters in spring. Feature plant with attractive foliage. Form of <i>P. ferruginea</i> .

LIST OF MAIN PLANTS AVAILABLE – AUTUMN 2012

GENUS x SPECIES FAMILY/ <i>height code</i> COMMON NAME	SIZE AND GROWING HINTS (size given as height x width)	DESCRIPTION
HEIGHT CODE: #=<1m ## =1–5m. ### =5–12m		
Pimelea humilis THYMELAEACEAE # Dwarf Rice Flower (NSW, Vic, Tas. SA)	Almost prostrate, hardy groundcover 0.20-0.50m x 0.40-1.20m. Reasonable drainage. Not fussy about soil type. Full sun to semi shade. Frost hardy to -7°C and relatively drought hardy.	Terminal, scented, white to pale pink flowers in groups, surrounded by floral bracts, in late spring. Good for rock gardens edges and pots. Suckers a little. Attracts butterflies.
Pimelea nivea THYMELAEACEAE ## (Tas)	Erect open plant 1.5m x 1m. Hardy in most soils and partial shade. Frost hardy. Stems covered with white hairs. Prune to encourage compact growth.	Terminal heads of white flowers in summer. Attractive foliage with dark green leaves and a silvery under surface.
Plectranthus argentus LAMIACEAE # (Qld, NSW)	Very vigorous, small suckering herbaceous plant 0.6m–1mH. Silvery, hairy growth. Grows in well-drained moist soils in semi-shade and responds well to hard pruning. Frost tender.	Large, velvety, slightly aromatic leaves. Prominent venation. Racemes of blue flowers, summer and autumn. Best in rockery or container in frost-free position.
Podocarpus elatus PODOCARPACEAE ### Brown/Plum Pine (Qld, NSW)	Large tree to 35m in wild, much less in cultivation. Most soils and aspects suit. Frost hardy to -7°C.	Male plant. Good specimen and shade tree. Female plant has blue-black grape-sized edible fruits. Good tub plant.
Podocarpus lawrencei PODOCARPACEAE # to ## Mountain plum pine (NSW, Vic, Tas)	Low shrub to small tree. Hardy in most conditions. A local alpine plant.	Attractive foliage. Dioecious. Small red berries on female plants. Suits tub planting.
Prostanthera florifera LAMIACEAE # (Gawler and Uno Ranges, ntnh Eyre Peninsula, SA)	Dwarf, moderately compact and aromatic shrub 0.3–1m x 0.3–0.7m. Needs excellently drained acidic soil, warm to hot aspect. Tolerant to frost and extended dry periods.	Large conspicuous tubular flowers to 2.5cm long, pink red outside, interior paler and blotched. Excellent for containers. Pruning from an early age promotes denser foliage.
Prostanthera stricta LAMIACEAE ## Mt Vincent Mint Bush (NSW)	Erect or sprawling shrub to 1.3m high. Needs very good drainage and near to full sun. Frost hardy to -7°C.	Deep violet flowers in spring. Densely hairy, ovate leaves to 1.3cm.
Rhagodia spinescens CHENOPODIACEAE #-## Hedge, Spiny or Thorny Saltbush (All mainland states)	Variable shrub to 1.5m, upright or spreading with some branches ending in spines. Sunny position in most soils. Hardy to most frosts and dry conditions.	Insignificant flowers most of year. Small red berries. Good low-maintenance ground cover. Grey leaves give useful foliage contrast. Suitable low hedging and erosion control. Prune/clip regularly.
Scaevola albida GOODENIACEAE # Pale Fan Flower (SA, Vic, NSW, Qld)	Mostly prostrate, perennial herb forming a dense mat to 50cm high. Moist well-drained position. Full to part sun. Frost hardy to -7°C.	Mauve fan-shaped flowers Aug to Oct. Spreads vegetatively by root suckers. Benefits from pruning. Good rockery plant.
Swainsona galegifolia FABACEAE # Darling Pea (Vic, NSW, Qld)	Relatively open, perennial bush 1m x 0.5m. Prefers well drained soils, but Canberra clay OK. Survives in Canberra with frosted tips. Cut back old stems when new growth appears in spring.	Burgundy pea flowers from late spring to first frosts. Balloon like pods usually green, but can turn pink from cold. This clone is true to colour from seed.
Thomasia paniculata STERCULIACEAE # to ## (South West WA)	Dwarf to small shrub 0.6–2m x 0.5-2m. Prefers well drained soil that can retain some moisture in semi-shaded site. Will tolerate light frost.	Pinkish mauve to purple flowers. Racemes to 8cm long. Floriferous and long flowering from Sept–Mar. Pruning when young promotes branching.

LIST OF MAIN PLANTS AVAILABLE – AUTUMN 2012

GENUS x SPECIES FAMILY/ <i>height code</i> COMMON NAME	SIZE AND GROWING HINTS (size given as height x width)	DESCRIPTION
HEIGHT CODE: #=<1m ## =1-5m. ### =5-12m		
Thryptomene 'Pink Lace' MYRTACEAE # (WA)	Very small shrub/ground cover, 0.5m with dainty, weeping, spreading form. Adaptable and thrives in most well drained positions. Mulch well. Requires frost protection beyond -5°C.	Tiny deep pink flowers in profusion in winter and spring. Excellent cut flower. Prune after flowering. Form of <i>T. saxicola</i> .
Thryptomene denticulata MYRTACEAE # (WA)	Low, spreading plant to 0.7mx1m, with small crowded leaves. Requires reasonably good drainage, full sun to part shade with a good mulch. Frost hardy to -7°C.	Deep pink flowers in profusion in winter and spring. Fine specimen plant for rockery or shrub bed. Excellent for cut flowers.
Thyrtomene sp. MYRTACEAE #	Spreading shrub to 0.5m. Tolerates slightly alkaline but prefers neutral to acid well-drained soils. Frost tolerant. Fertilise in spring to encourage new growth.	Masses of tiny pale pink flowers, mainly winter through spring. Good cut flower. Prune after flowering.
Westringia longifolia LAMIACEAE ## (NSW Central Tablelands)	Hardy, open, ornamental shrub, 2mx1.5m. Most soils in well-drained sunny position. Prune lightly. Frost hardy to -7°C.	Bears masses of white or pale blue flowers in spring. Very hardy and ornamental.
Zieria cytisoides RUTACEAE ## (SE Qld, NSW, Vic)	Rounded, compact shrub to 1.5mx1.5m. Hardy in well-drained soil, full sun or semi-shade. Frost hardy to -7°C.	Small pink or white flowers in spring. A fine specimen plant with attractive grey green, trifoliolate foliage. Responds well to pruning.
Zieria littoralis (formerly included in <i>Z. cytisoides</i>) Dwarf Zieria RUTACEAE ##	Compact shrub 0.5-2mx1.5m. Prefers full sun. Needs good air circulation to avoid mildew. Prune after flowering to keep denser. Canberra frost hardy.	White or pink starry flowers in spring. Very furry, soft grey, trifoliolate leaves. Good contrast plant for mass plantings.
Zieria montana RUTACEAE ## Mountain Zieria (SE Qld)	Medium bushy shrub 2-3mx1.5-3m. Suits well drained soils and slightly sunny or semi-shaded aspect. Probably tolerant to moderate frosts.	Floriferous species. Small white flowers with pink margins, Sept-Dec. Potential for hedging and screening.

... / *Grasses*

<p>Austrodanthonia laevis POACEAE # Smooth Wallaby Grass (Carwoola provenance) Local</p>	<p>Small to medium tufted grass 0.2-0.6m x 0.2m. Green all year. Light, medium or heavy soils with reasonable drainage. Frost hardy to -7°C.</p>	<p>Fine leaves and conspicuous white/cream flower heads which are hairy/bristly. Flowers Oct–Dec. Lawn potential. Tolerates grazing.</p>
<p>Dichelachne crinita POACEAE # Plumegrass (All states) (Carwoola provenance) Local</p>	<p>Medium tufted grass 1.0-1.2m x 0.3m. Full to part sun. Light, medium to heavy soils with reasonable drainage. Frost hardy to -7°C.</p>	<p>Tall flower stems Oct–Dec. Flower head is an attractive, dense, fluffy green/mauve plume, fading to cream. Feature grass for dry conditions.</p>
<p>Enneapogon nigricans POACEAE # Nineawn grass (NSW, Qld, Vic, SA) (Carwoola provenance) Local</p>	<p>Small, densely tufted grass 0.1-0.2m x 0.1–0.2m. Full to part sun. Reasonable drainage. Frost hardy to -7°C.</p>	<p>Dense, elongated, fluffy spikelets, green ageing to grey in spring and summer. Pale green, finely velvety leaves. Attractive flower spikes. Good in grass garden.</p>
<p>Joycea pallida POACEAE # Red Anther/Silvertop Wallaby Grass (Carwoola provenance) Local</p>	<p>Robust tussock 0.7m x 0.3m. Full to part sun in most well-drained soils but prefers dry site. When it gets too big with lots of dried leaves cut back to promote new growth. Frost hardy to -7°C.</p>	<p>Flowers in summer. Tall flower heads with orange-red anthers. Largest local tussock. Good feature in grass garden.</p>
<p>Microlaena stipoides POACEAE # Weeping Grass (All states) (Carwoola provenance) Local</p>	<p>Small to medium tufted or spreading grass. Thrives and spreads under regular grazing or mowing. Tolerant of low soil pH, shade, drought and poor soils.</p>	<p>Seed heads long and drooping. Flowers Nov–Feb. Good lawn potential.</p>
<p>Poa labillardieri POACEAE ## River Tussock, Common Tussock Grass (Qld, NSW, Vic, Tas, SA) (Carwoola provenance) Local</p>	<p>Large tussock to 1.5m x 0.5m. Green all year. In drainage lines and wettish areas in semi-shade to full sun. Frost hardy to -7°C. Cut back to just above ground level late winter to early spring.</p>	<p>Good feature, useful for borders, pond gardens and to enhance native gardens. Spreading seed heads. Flowers Oct–Feb.</p>
<p>Poa meionectes POACEAE # (NSW, Vic) (Carwoola provenance) Local</p>	<p>Small tussock with flower spikes to 0.7m. Dry rocky sites in full or part sun. Widespread local species. Prefers moisture retentive soils. Frost hardy to -7°C.</p>	<p>Short spreading seed heads. Delicate open flowerheads Oct–Feb. Good small feature in grass garden. Could be clumped for lawn effect.</p>
<p>Sorghum leiocladum POACEAE # Wild Sorghum (Qld, NSW, Vic, NT) (Carwoola provenance) Local</p>	<p>Medium to large tufted grass to 1m. Flower spikes to 0.35m. Leaves yellow-green in summer and frosted to pale brown in winter. Frost hardy to -7°C.</p>	<p>Seed heads narrow and distinctively rust-coloured with skirt of long hairs around stem nodes. Flowers Dec–Feb.</p>
<p>Themeda triandra POACEAE # Kangaroo Grass (All states) (Carwoola provenance) Local</p>	<p>Clumping grass, green in summer, 0.6m x 0.7m. Full sun in most soils with reasonable drainage. Can be cut back. Frost hardy to -7°C.</p>	<p>Attractive reddish-brown flower heads to 1m in summer. Leaves bluish when young, reddish when older. Attractive grass as feature or in grass garden.</p>